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CAPInv. 1066: collegius (l. collegium) cannofororum

## I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Southern Italy with Sicily
ii. Region	Calabria
iii. Site	Lokroi Epizephyrioi

## II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	collegius cannofororum (CIL X 24, ll. 3-5)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>collegius</i> (l. <i>collegium</i> ) <i>cannofororum</i>

## III. DATE

i. Date(s)	iii (?) AD
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## IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Cultic: <i>cannofo</i> <i>ri</i>
iii. Descriptive terms	collegium, <i>collegium</i>
Note	<i>collegium</i> : CIL X 24, ll. 3-4 and CIL X 8339d, l. 5

## V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	CIL X 24 (iii AD) CIL X 8339d (iii AD)
Online Resources	<a href="#">TM 511952</a> (CIL X 24) <a href="#">TM 51256</a> (CIL X 8339d)
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Both sources are funerary inscriptions in Latin.

i.c. Physical format(s)

CIL X 8339d is a squared marble stele.

## VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

i. Treasury/Funds

In both cases the *collegium cannofororum* decided to erect the stelai. This implies likely either a treasury or *ad hoc* donations, although they are not attested.

## IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii. Gender

Men

iii. Age

Children  
Adults

## XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association

Probable

Note

It is likely that we are dealing with an association because of the term *collegium* (written as *collegius* in the inscription) used to define this group and for its professional character.