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CAPInv. 1177: hoi synbiotai kai synmystai

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor	
ii.	Region	Ionia	
iii.	Site	Smyrna	

i.	Full name (original language)	οί συνβιωταὶ καὶ συνμύσται (I.Smyrna 330, Il. 2-4)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	hoi synbiotai kai synmystai

i. Date(s)	1 (?) - 300 (?) AD

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	synbiotai, synmystai	

i. Source(s) I.Smyrna 330 (1 (?) - 300 (?) AD)		I.Smyrna 330 (1 (?) - 300 (?) AD)	
	Online Resources	I.Smyrna 330	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Grave inscription, greek	
i.c.	Physical format(s)	White marble block	
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Unclear origins; the stone is now lost.	

ii. References to buildings/objects

The association erects a *mnemeion* for the deceased Zotion son of Artemidoros

iii. Worship

Note

Synmystai seems to refer to initiations, but in this period, the terminology was not always used in its original sense.

i	Comments	It is probable that <i>synbiotai kai synmystai</i> designates one group, not two.
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ii. Poland concordance Poland B 356

i.	Private association	Probable	

The status of mystai-groups is not quite clear; most of probably served both the private interests of their

members and the needs of civic religion.

ii. Historical authenticity Certain