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CAPInv. 1242: ho thiasos

i.	Geographical area	Eastern Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Cilicia
iii.	Site	Diokaisareia (?)

i. Full name (original language)	ὁ θίασος (Şahin 2007: 35, 1. 2)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	ho thiasos

i. Date(s) Imp.

iii. Descriptive terms	θίασος, thiasos
Note	<i>thiasos</i> : Şahin 2007: 35, l. 2. The editor interprets the <i>thiasos</i> as a Dionysiac association, but the term was also used for other cult groups.



i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedication to Zeus Epikarpios in Greek and the <i>thiasos</i> by Sextus Firmius Fronto, δημιουργός (<i>demiourgos</i>) and συναγωγέυς (<i>synagogeus</i>).
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Round altar of gray limestone (H 1.10 m, D 0.63 m) with the relief of an eagle, who carries a garland; to the right and left of the eagle a bunch of grapes. The inscription is above the relief.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in the village of Gedikpınarı, ca. 20 km northwest of Silifke/Seleukeia and 11 km southwest of Uzuncaburç/Diokaisareia. The village lies perhaps in the territory of ancient Diokaisareia.

ii. Leadership	Sextus Firmius Fronto, who dedicates the altar, is συναγωγέυς (synagogeus), probably the leader of the thiasos.

iii. Worship	The συναγωγέυς (<i>synagogeus</i>), probably the leader of the <i>thiasos</i> , dedicates an altar to Zeus Epikarpios and the <i>thiasos</i> . The <i>thiasos</i> may have participated in the worship of this deity. For the cult of Zeus Epikarpios, a god of fertility, cf. Şahin 2007: 35-37.
Deities worshipped	Zeus Epikarpios

iii. Bibliography	Şahin, H. (2007), 'Eine neue Weihinschrift für Zeus Epikarpios aus dem mittleren rauhen Kilikien', <i>EA</i> 40: 35-40.
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i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	The <i>thiasos</i> may be a formally organized and durable association with a chairman (<i>synagogeus</i>) and not an <i>ad hoc</i> group of worshippers.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain

