

CAPInv. 1389: **koinon ton myropolon**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Egypt
ii. Nome	Oxyrhynchites (U19)
iii. Site	Oxyrhynchus

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	κοινόν τῶν μυροπωλῶν (P.Oxy. LIV 3733, l. 4)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>koinon ton myropolon</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	310 - 329 AD
------------	--------------

IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Professional:	<i>myropolai</i>
iii. Descriptive terms	κοινόν <i>koinon</i>	
Note	<i>koinon</i> : P.Oxy. LIV 3731, l. 3; P.Oxy. LIV 3733, l. 4; P.Oxy. LIV 3766 col. V l. 80	

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	P.Oxy. LIV 3731 (AD 310/11) P.Oxy. LIV 3733 (25 May AD 312) P.Oxy. LIV 3766 col. V (27 Oct AD 327?)
Online Resources	P.Oxy. LIV 3731= TM 15235 P.Oxy. LIV 3733= TM 15237 P.Oxy. LIV 3766 col. V= TM 15279
i.a. Source type(s)	Papyrological source(s)

i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	price declaration in Greek
i.c. Physical format(s)	<p>3731: papyrus; 8 x 14 cm; contents organized in two columns; back is blank but editor suggests that the papyrus may have been a <i>tomos synkollesimos</i></p> <p>3733: papyrus roll, 31.5 x 25.5 cm; contains P.Oxy. LIV 3732, 3733, 3734, 3735</p> <p>3766: part of a document that measures 41 x 27cm that contains declarations from four associations; the document is not a <i>tomos synkollesimos</i>; P.Oxy. LIV 3766 republishes P.Oxy. XXXI 2570 col ii-iii</p>

VII. ORGANIZATION

iv. Officials	<p>3733: possibly Aurelius Isidorus son of Sarapion</p> <p>3766: likely Aurelius Thonis son of Theon, col v line 81-82</p>
----------------------	--

IX. MEMBERSHIP

vi. Proper names and physical features	<p>3731: ? Aurelius ... (?) and Diogenes (?) [l.4]</p> <p>3733: Aurelius Isidoros, son of Sarapion</p> <p>3766: Aurelius... (?) - Aurelius ... Thoonis, son of Theon (?) [col.5, l.80-81]</p>
---	---

XI. INTERACTION

i. Local interaction	official interaction; association acting on behalf of the group representing them before the authorities
-----------------------------	--

XII. NOTES

i. Comments	<p>No titles of the leaders of the <i>koinon</i> are recorded. However in 3731: likely <i>μηνιάρχαι meniarchai</i> although the titles and much of the names of the officials submitting the declaration are lost.</p> <p>3733: unclear; possibly Aurelius Isidoros son of Sarapion (l.5; 32) who submits the declaration</p> <p>3766: likely a <i>μηνιάρχης meniarches</i> although if the person through whom the declaration was submitted was an official his title is not recorded here</p>
iii. Bibliography	<p>Bagnall, R. S. (2000) 'Governmental roles in the economy of late antiquity', in E. Lo Cascio and D. Rathbone (eds.) <i>Production and Public Powers in Classical Antiquity</i>. Cambridge: 86-91 (esp. 89-90)</p> <p>Coles, R. Appendix II, P. Oxy. LIV: 230-32.</p>

XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
-------------------------------	---------

Note

The associative terminology and the apparently necessary declaration suggests that this was an association; private here because, in spite of the nature of the declaration itself, there is nothing here to suggest that this group was other than voluntary (although state compulsion to report prices may be something else entirely).