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CAPInv. 1598: hoi en Ephesoi prometrai

| i. | Geographical area | Western Asia Minor |
|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| ii. | Region | Ionia |
| iii. | Site | Ephesos |

| i. | Full name (original language) | οί ἐν Ἐφέσφ προμέτραι (I.Eph(esos) 3216, l. 8) |
|-----|-------------------------------|--|
| ii. | Full name (transliterated) | hoi en Ephesoi prometrai |

| i. Date(s) | 100 (?) - 300 (?) AD |
|------------|----------------------|

| ii. Name elements | Professional: | prometrai | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|--|--|

| i. | Source(s) | I.Eph(esos) 3216 (100 (?) - 300 (?) AD) | |
|------|--|---|--|
| | Note | See also: Dittmann-Schöne II.1.31 | |
| i.a. | Source type(s) | Epigraphic source(s) | |
| i.b. | Document(s) typology & language/script | Grave stone, Greek | |
| ii. | Source(s) provenance | Teira near Ephesos | |

VIII PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

iv. Endowments

A deceased *prometres* has left money not for the Ephesian *prometrai*, but for an association of *ergatai* (see entry). Only if these do not fulfill the conditions specified, the *prometrai* shall confiscate the money and take over the obligations (grave care with accompanying celebrations). It is unclear why the *prometres* chose to put his colleagues in second place after the *propyleitai*; perhaps the latter association was more prestigious.

| iii. | Bibliography | the money (l. 8: ἐκδικήσουσιν καὶ ἐκπράξουσιν, ekdikesousin ekpraxousin; cf. Dittmann-Schöne 2010: 148). Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2010), Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens. 2nd. ed. Regensburg. |
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| i. | Comments | It was not uncommon in funerary endowments to use one association in order to control another's fulfillment of obligations (for several examples, see the entries on Phrygian Hierapolis). The text is nevertheless unusual because it explicitly speaks of the legal measures employed and the confiscation of |
| | | |

| i. | Private association | Probable |
|-----|-------------------------|---|
| | Note | Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations. |
| ii. | Historical authenticity | Certain |