Author: NIKOLAOS GIANNAKOPOULOS

CAPInv. 1703: U-EAM-005

i.	Geographical area	Eastern Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Pontus
iii.	Site	Sebastopolis

I. NAME

i. Association with unknown name U-EAM-005

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	117 - 138 AD	

V. SOURCES

i.	Source(s)	Mittford 1991: 200-5 no. 12 (117-138 AD)
	Note	See also: Anderson 1900: 153-6 no. 2
		IGR III 115
		OGIS 529
		Le Guen-Pollet 1989: 65-7 no. 10
	Online Resources	EA 13: 65 no. 10
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek honorary inscription for M. Antonius Rufus.
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Limestone stele
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ii. Leadershipθιασάρχης, thiasarches (1. 5)In addition to various civic offices held by the honorand, the latter was stated to have been thiasarches
several times (καὶ θιασαρχήσαντα πολλάκις, kai thiasarchesanta pollakis, ll. 5-6). This suggests that the
leader of the association in question bore the title θιασάρχης, thiasarches.

i.	Comments	The suggested date is based on the fact that the honorand was high-priest of Hadrian. The phrase $\theta \iota a \sigma a \rho \chi \eta \sigma a \tau a \pi o \lambda \lambda \alpha \kappa \iota \zeta$ (<i>thiasarchesanta pollakis</i> , 11. 5-6) renders possible that the official name of the association in question included the term <i>thiasos</i> or one of its derivatives, such as <i>thiasitai</i> . M. Antonius Rufus was a distinguished figure in Sebastopolis and a descendant of an illustrious family. He served as <i>archon</i> and <i>agoranomos</i> several times, he assumed the lifelong high-priesthood of Hadrian, organizing gladiatorial games (Robert 1940: 128-9) and the <i>Pontarchia</i> at Neokaisareia. He also financed public constructions and distributions. In this respect providing leadership and presumably benefactions to a local <i>thiasos</i> on various occasions on the one hand constituted a vital aspect of his political and social capital and on the other hand highlighted and strengthened the importance of such associations in Sebastopolis (cf. Van Nijf 1997: 74-82 and 118-22; Maillot 2013: 204-7).	
ii.	Poland concordance	Poland B* 440 B	
iii.	Bibliography	 Anderson, J.G.C. (1900), 'Pontica', <i>JHS</i> 20: 151-8. Le Guen-Pollet, B. (1989), 'Sébastopolis du Pont (Sulusaray). Documents littéraires et inscriptions déjà publiées de la cité', <i>EA</i> 13: 51-86. Maillot, S. (2013), 'Les associations à Cos' in P. Fröhlich and P. Hamon (eds.), <i>Groupes et associations dans les cités grecques (IIIe siècle av. JC. – IIe siècle apr. JC.)</i>, Genève: 199-226. Mitford, T. B. (1991), 'Inscriptions Ponticae – Sebastopolis', <i>ZPE</i> 87: 181-243. Robert, L. (1940), <i>Les gladiateurs dans l'Orient grec</i>. Paris. Van Nijf, O. (1997), <i>The Civic World of Professional Associations in the Roman East</i>. Amsterdam. 	

XIII. EVALUATION

j	. Private association	Certain
	Note	The term <i>thiasarchesas</i> refers to the leadership of a <i>thiasos</i> , thus to a private association.

