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## CAPInv. 420: [hoi Her]akleotai

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Lydia
iii.	Site	Silandos or Tabala

i.	Full name (original language)	[οί Ἡρ]ακλεῶται (SEG 35: 1264, l. 3)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	[hoi Her]akleotai

i. Date(s)	151 / 152 AD

ii.	Name elements	Theophoric:	Heracles
iii.	Descriptive terms	συμβίωσις, symbiosis; cf.	συνβι[ωτὴν], symbi[oten] (SEG 35: 1264, II. 4-5)

i.	Source(s)	SEG 35: 1264 (151/2 AD)	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary inscription for a member of the association. Greek.	
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Stele with pediment and decoration of a wreath	

ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in the village of Sehitli, near the ancient site of Thermai Theseos that belonged to the territory of
	' <b>.</b>	Silandos or more probably of Tabala (cf. Naour (1985): 68).

iii. Mer	embers	The members are called <i>symbiotai</i> . Cf. συνβι[ωτὴν], <i>symbioten</i> (SEG 35: 1264, Il. 4-5)
viii. Obl	O .	Since the evidence for the association is a funerary inscription for one of its members, it is possible that the association had funerary obligations towards its members.

i. Treasury/Funds	The association must have funds in order to erect funerary inscriptions such as this one.

iv. Honours/Other activities	The association probably had funerary activities since it erected a funerary inscription for one of its members.

iii. Bibliography	De Hoz, MP. (1999), <i>Die Lydischen Kulte im Lichte der griechischen Inschriften.</i> Bonn, no. 22.11. Naour, Chr. (1985), 'Nouveaux documents du Moyen Hermos', <i>An.Ép.</i> 5: 71, no. 24, Taf. 7.

i. Private association	Possible
Note	There is too scarce information on the association. It could be a private cult association, but also a semi public gymnasion club like the ones attested in Thyateira or Daldis.