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CAPInv. 469: [n]eoi mystai

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Phrygia
iii.	Site	Dorylaion

i.	Full name (original language)	[ν]έοι μύσται (SEG 20: 37, 1. 1)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	[n]eoi mystai

i. Date(s)	ii - iii AD

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	mystai
	Status-related:	neoi, presumably used to distinguish this association (positively) from another one.

i.	Source(s)	SEG 20: 37 (ii - iii AD)	
	Note	See also: MAMA V List: 183, no. 153 Jaccottet II no. 78	
	Online Resources	MAMA V List: 183, no. 153	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	

i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedicatory inscription, greek
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Marble altar with reliefs on four sides
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Eskisehir

iii. Worship	Dionysos is labelled <i>epiphanes</i> (l. 2). On the scenes depicted on the altar, cf. Haspels 1962 and Jaccottet 2003: 153-4.
Deities worshipped	Dionysos

i.	Comments	On this and similar monuments from the same region, see Jaccottet 2003: 158-60.
iii.	Bibliography	Cole, S.G. (1991), 'Dionysiac Mysteries in Phrygia in the Imperial Period', <i>EA</i> 17: 41-9. Haspels, C.H.E. (1962), 'Relics of a Dionysiac Cult in Asia Minor', <i>AJA</i> 66: 285-7. Jaccottet, AF. (2003), <i>Choisir Dionysos. Les associations dionysiaques ou la face cachée du dionysisme</i> . 2 vols. Zürich.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	The status of <i>mystai</i> -groups is not quite clear; most of probably served both the private interests of their members and the needs of civic religion.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain

