Author: PASCHALIS PASCHIDIS

CAPInv. 744: U-MAC-006

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1.	Geographical area	Macedonia
ii	. Region	Mygdonia
ii	i. Site	Thessalonike

i. Association with unknown name	U-MAC-006		

i. Date(s) 218 / 219 AD		
	i. Date(s)	218 / 219 AD

i.	Source(s)	IG X.2.1 Suppl. 1058 (AD 218/9)
	Note	Other editions: SEG 56: 753
	Online Resources	IG X.2.1 Suppl. 1058
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek dedication
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Stele, undecorated.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Unknown.

ii. References to buildings/objects The stele commemorates the dedication by the chief officials of this Dionysiac association of a $\beta\omega\mu \dot{0}\varsigma$, bomos, and a μάγαρον, magaron (ll. 6-7). On the latter term, which may mean anything from a small artificial cavity for sacrifices to a building used as the god's sanctum, see the full discussion of Nigdelis 2006: 131-3. \odot ISSN 2446-2500 Page 1 of 2

VII. ORGANIZATION

i.	Founder(s)	Mousaios (l. 1), whose name was inscribed in the genitive along with the god's name, may have been the founder of the cult and the association; see Nigdelis 2006: 129-30 with parallels.
	Gender	Male
iv.	Officials	The altar and the <i>magaron</i> were dedicated by an ἀρχιμαινάς, <i>archimainas</i> (1. 4), "chief-maenad" and a μαγαρεύς, <i>magareus</i> (1. 5), "supervisor of the <i>magaron</i> ".

IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii. Gender	Men Women
Note	The two officials (and only members of the association that we know of) were a man and a woman.

iii.	Worship	The altar dedicated to Dionysos <i>Horophoros</i> by the two officials was obviously used in sacrifices. The god's cult epithet is a <i>hapax legomenon</i> . Nigdelis 2006: 130-1 interprets it as a reference to the seasons.
	Deities worshipped	Dionysos Horophoros

XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography	Nigdelis, P. M. (2006), Επιγραφικά Θεσσαλονίκεια. Συμβολή στην πολιτική και κοινωνική ιστορία της
	αρχαίας Θεσσαλονίκης. Thessaloniki: 129-34 no. 2.

XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain	
Note	The novel character of the cult and of the god's attributes and the possible mention of the founder assure the private nature of the cult and the association.	

