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CAPInv. 1065: **U-SIS-005**

i.	Geographical area	Southern Italy with Sicily
ii.	Region	Calabria
iii.	Site	Rhegion

i. Association with unknown name	U-SIS-005		

i. Date(s)	79 AD

i.	Source(s)	CIL X 7 (AD 79)			
	Online Resources	<u>TM 247140</u>			
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)			
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	CIL X 7 is marble stele. It is a Latin honorific decree for the generosity of the <i>sacratae</i> .			
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in Pellaro (Reggio Calabria).			

iii. Members	The members are referred to as <i>dendrophoroi</i> (tree-bearers) in 1. 2: the term is related to the practice of felling, decorating and carrying the sacred pine in the mourning procession in memory of Attis. Perhaps the women honored for their <i>munificentia</i> (1. 1) towards the <i>dendrophoroi</i> were also members of the local associations.

IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii. Gender Men

Women

Note Perhaps the women honored for their *munificentia* towards the *dendrophoroi* were also members of the

local associations.

X. ACTIVITIES

iii. Worship The activities of the *dendrophoroi* were presumably part of the cultic activities in honor of Attis and

Magna Mater.

Deities worshipped Attis and and Magna Mater (?)

XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography Liu, J. (2009), Collegia centonariorum, The Guilds of Textile Dealers in the Roman West. Leiden: 52-4.

Van Haeperen, F. (2012), 'Collèges de dendrophores et authorités locales et romaines', in M. Dondin-Payre and N. Tran (eds.), *Collegia, Le phénomène associatif dans l'Occident romain*, Paris: 47-62.

XIII EVALUATION

i. Private association Probable

Note Although the term *collegium* to define the group is here missing, likely the *dendrophoroi* here mentioned

were members of a local association with cultic functions as attested elsewhere in region (CIL X 445;

CIL X 8100; CIL X 8107-8108; CIL X 451).

