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CAPInv. 1066: collegius (l. collegium) cannofororum

i.	Geographical area	Southern Italy with Sicily
ii.	Region	Calabria
iii.	Site	Lokroi Epizephyrioi

i	Full name (original language)	collegius cannofororum (CIL X 24, Il. 3-5)
i	i. Full name (transliterated)	collegius (1. collegium) cannofororum

i. Date(s)	iii (?) AD

ii.	Name elements	Cultic:	cannofori
iii.	Descriptive terms Note	collegium, collegium collegium: CIL X 24, ll. 3-4 and CIL X 8339d, l. 5	

i.	Source(s)	CIL X 24 (iii AD) CIL X 8339d (iii AD)
	Online Resources	TM 511952 (CIL X 24) TM 51256(CIL X 8339d)
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Both sources are funerary inscriptions in Latin.

VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS i. Treasury/Funds In both cases the *collegium cannofororum* decided to erect the stelai. This implies likely either a treasury or *ad hoc* donations, although they are not attested.

ii.	Gender	Men
iii.	Age	Children Adults

i. 3	Private association	Probable
	Note	It is likely that we are dealing with an association because of the term <i>collegium</i> (written as <i>collegius</i> in the inscription) used to define this group and for its professional character.

