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CAPInv. 1095: Epicureius gaudivigens chorus

i.	Geographical area	Southern Italy with Sicily
ii.	Region	Campania
iii.	Site	Naples

i.	Full name (original language)	Epicureius gaudivigens chorus (CIL X 2971)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	Epicureius gaudivigens chorus

i. Date(s)	45 - 20 BC		

ii.	Name elements	Personal:	Epicureius
		Other:	gaudivigens
	Descriptive terms	chorus (CIL X 2971, 1. 2)	

i.	Source(s)	CIL X 2971 (45-20 BC)
	Note	ILS 7781; CLE 961; EDR135361
	Online Resources	<u>TM536916</u> and <u>EDR135361</u>
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)

i.b	Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary epigram of Gaius Stallius Hauranus, member of the <i>Epicureius gaudivigens chorus</i> , the joyful Epicurean chorus. Written in Latin.
i.c	Physical format(s)	Marble plaque.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in 1685 in Naples, near the church of S. Maria della Sanità; then came to Florence (post 1743).

i.	Archaeological remains	The find spot was near a necropolis, see Leiwo 1994: 130.
ii.	References to buildings/objects	sedes (CIL X 2971, l. 1), i.e. the tomb of Gaius Stallius.

ii.	Gender	Men
	Note	See Gaius Stallius Hauranus.
iii.	Aco	Adults
111.	Age	Adults
	Note	See Gaius Stallius Hauranus.
iv.	Status	Gaius Stallius was a foreigner from Syria (his semitic cognomen Hauranus derived from the region Auranitis); probably he was a freedman who had acquired the Roman citizenship through a certain Gaius Stallius, member of a south Italian family, see Rigsby 2008.

iii. Bibliography	Leiwo, M. (1994), Neapolitana. A Study of Population and Language in Graeco-Roman Naples. Helsinki. Rigsby, K.J. (2008), 'Hauranus the Epicurean', CJ 104.1: 19-22. Sblendorio Cugusi, M.T. (2013), 'Carmina Latina Epigraphica Neapolitana', Epigraphica 75: 251-69. Waltzing, J.P. (1895-1900), Étude historique sur les corporations professionelles chez les Romains depuis les origines jusqu'à la chute de l'Empire d'Occident. I-IV, Louvain.

i. Private association	Probable
Note	It seems probable that this circle of Epicureans was a private association, but we lack detailed information about its internal organization. See Waltzing IV 1900: 227 no. 10 on the uncertain nature of this group.

