

CAPInv. 1172: **to hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophorон limeneiton**

**I. LOCATION**

i. Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii. Region	Mysia
iii. Site	Bandırma - Panormos

**II. NAME**

i. Full name (original language)	τὸ ιερώτατον συνέδριον τῶν σακκοφόρων λιμενειτῶν (I.Kyz. 291 ll. 5-6)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>to hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophorон limeneiton</i>

**III. DATE**

i. Date(s)	Imp.
------------	------

**IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY**

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	<i>hierotaton</i>
	Professional:	<i>sakkophoroi</i> - porters <i>limeneitai</i> - of the harbor
iii. Descriptive terms	<i>συνέδριον, synedrion</i>	

**V. SOURCES**

i. Source(s)	I.Kyz. 290 (Imp.)
Note	Hasluck 1910: no. V. 182
	Dittmann-Schöne 2001: no. I.3.4 AGRW 111

<b>Online Resources</b>	<a href="#">IMT Kyz PropKueste 1937</a>
	<a href="#">AGRW ID 540</a>
<b>i.a. Source type(s)</b>	Epigraphic source(s)
<b>i.b. Document(s) typology &amp; language/script</b>	Funerary inscription in Greek stipulating a fine payable to the <i>hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophoron</i> in case of tomb violation.
<b>i.c. Physical format(s)</b>	Unknown.
<b>ii. Source(s) provenance</b>	From Panormos, the harbour of Kyzikos.

## VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

<b>iii. Income</b>	Fines: a fine of 1000 denarii is payable to <i>to hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophoron limeneiton</i> in case of tomb violation (l. 4-6).
--------------------	---

## XII. NOTES

<b>iii. Bibliography</b>	Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2001), <i>Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens</i> . Regensburg.
--------------------------	--

## XIII. EVALUATION

<b>i. Private association</b>	Certain
<b>Note</b>	In Roman Asia Minor the term <i>synedrion</i> is often used in connection to professional associations (Poland 1909: 156-7). In this case the harbor-workers are organized in a <i>synedrion</i> . The durability of the group is inferred by the fact that they are the recipients of fines in case of the violation of tombs.