

Author: JONATHAN PRAG

CAPInv. 1287: U-SIS-004

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Southern Italy with Sicily
ii. Region	Sicily
iii. Site	Solous

II. NAME

i. Association with unknown name	U-SIS-004
----------------------------------	-----------

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	76 / 75 BC
------------	------------

IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

iii. Descriptive terms	κοινόν, <i>koinon</i>
Note	<i>koinon</i> : Calascibetta and Di Leonardo 2012: 37-47, l. 1

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	Calascibetta and Di Leonardo 2012: 37-47 (76/5 BC)
Online Resources	TM 645620
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Honorific Greek inscription set up by the <i>koinon</i> .
i.c. Physical format(s)	Stone block, perhaps part of statue base
ii. Source(s) provenance	Found in reuse in a building bordering the agora.

X. ACTIVITIES

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| iv. Honours/Other activities | Honorific inscription for Sextus Peducaeus, Roman governor (<i>propraetor</i>) of Sicily 76/5 BC, set up <i>εὐνοίας ἕνεκα</i> (<i>eunoias heneka</i> , l. 5), for which see Calascibetta and Di Leonardo 2012. |
|------------------------------|---|

XI. INTERACTION

- | | |
|------------------------|---|
| ii. Interaction abroad | Honorific inscription for Sextus Peducaeus, Roman governor (<i>propraetor</i>) of Sicily 76/5 BC, set up <i>εὐνοίας ἕνεκα</i> (<i>eunoias heneka</i> , l. 5), for which see Calascibetta and Di Leonardo 2012. |
|------------------------|---|

XII. NOTES

- | | |
|-------------------|--|
| iii. Bibliography | Calascibetta, A.M.G., and Di Leonardo, L. (2012), 'Un nuovo documento epigrafico da Solunto', in C. Ampolo (ed.), <i>Sicilia occidentale. Studi, rassegne, ricerche</i> , Pisa: 37-47. |
|-------------------|--|

XIII. EVALUATION

- | | |
|------------------------|--|
| i. Private association | Possible |
| Note | The right hand side of the inscription recording this <i>koinon</i> is missing, and consequently the part of the inscription which identified the <i>koinon</i> is lost. No identification or classification of the <i>koinon</i> is therefore possible. |