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CAPInv. 1468: linoplokoi

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Ionia
iii.	Site	Ephesos

i.	Full name (original language)	λινοπλοκοί (I.Eph(esos) 454c, l. 1 in rasura)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	linoplokoi

i. Date(s)	150 (?) - 250 (?) AD

ii. Name elements	Professional:	linoplokoi

i.	Source(s)	I.Eph(esos) 454c (150 (?) - 250 (?) AD)	
	Online Resources	I.Eph(esos) 454c	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Seat inscription, greek	
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Inscribed pillar	
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Gymnasium of Vedius	

XII NOTES

i. Comments

Several professional associations had their seats in the latrines of the gymnasium of Vedius. This is the only inscription containing more than one name. Above the *eriopolai* (1. 3, cf. <u>CAPInv. 1466</u>) and the *astipolai* (1. 4, <u>CAPInv. 1467</u>), there were at least two other associations mentioned, because *linoplokoi* is preceded by *kai*. This part of the inscription has been erased for unknown reasons - these associations either lost their seats, or gave them up (if paymens were involved), or - another unprovable possibiliy - this was an older name of the *eriopolai*.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain

