

Author: ILIAS ARNAOUTOGLOU

## CAPInv. 1539: syneranistai

### I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Attica with Salamis
ii. Region	Attica
iii. Site	Eleusis

### II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	συνερανισταί (IG II <sup>2</sup> 2721, l. 4)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>syneranistai</i>

### III. DATE

i. Date(s)	e. iv - e. ii BC
------------	------------------

### V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	IG II <sup>2</sup> 2721 (e. iv - e. ii BC)
Note	Other publications: Finley 1951: no. 40
Online Resources	<a href="#">IG II<sup>2</sup> 2721</a>
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek <i>horos</i> inscription for a land sold subject to redemption for 3.000dr.
ii. Source(s) provenance	Now in the Museum of Eleusis 635.

### VII. ORGANIZATION

ii. Leadership	Perhaps the πληρωτής, <i>plerotes</i> (l. 3) Leochares ( <i>Athenion Onomasticon</i> s.v. (9)) was the leader of the group.
----------------	---

## XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography	
	Arnaoutoglou, I. (2003), <i>Thusias heneka kai sunousias. Private religious associations in Hellenistic Athens</i> . Athens.
	Cohen, E. (1992), <i>Athenian economy and society. A banking perspective</i> . Princeton. 207-15.
	Faraguna, M. (2012), ‘Diritto, economia, societa: riflessioni su <i>eranos</i> tra eta omerica e mondo ellenistico’, in B. Legras (ed.), <i>Transferts culturels et droits dans le monde grec et hellénistique</i> , Paris: 129-53.
	Finley, M. (1951), <i>Studies in land and credit in ancient Athens, 500-200 B.C. The Horos inscriptions</i> . New Brunswick.
	Harris, E. (2013), ‘Finley’s <i>Studies in land and credit</i> sixty years later’, <i>Dike</i> 16: 123-46.
	Ismard, P. (2010), <i>La cité des réseaux. Athènes et ses associations VIe – Ier siècle av. J.-C.</i> Paris. 281-4.
	Millett, P. (1991), <i>Lending and borrowing in ancient Athens</i> . Cambridge.
	Thomsen, Chr. (2015), ‘The <i>eranistai</i> of classical Athens’, <i>GRBS</i> 55: 154-75.

## XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
Note	The occurrence of the title πληρωτής, <i>plerotes</i> (l. 3) as well as συνερανισταί, <i>syneranistai</i> suggested to Finley 1951: 101 that this is not a proper durable association but an ad hoc group of lenders. However, expressions like <i>plerotes</i> and <i>syneranistai</i> are almost unique among epigraphical evidence on <i>eranistai</i> and do not support Finley's interpretation. On the contrary, they reinforce the tenet that <i>eranistai hoi meta (peri)</i> had a more permanent function. Therefore, one is entitled to consider <i>syneranistai</i> as an embryonic association.