Author: MARIO C.D. PAGANINI

CAPInv. 1571: U-EGY-049

i.	Geographical area	Egypt
ii.	Nome	Arsinoites (00)
iii.	Site	Aphrodites Polis

II. NAME

i. Association with unknown name U-EGY-049

III. DATE

i. Date(s) 134 BC

IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

iii. Descriptive terms $\theta \text{\'iasos}, \textit{thiasos}$

Note thiasos: P.Köln. XI 455, 1. 18

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s) P.Köln. XI 455 (after 6 January 134 BC)

 Online Resources
 P.Köln. XI 455

 TM 112490

TM 112490 AGRW ID 20928

i.a. Source type(s) Papyrological source(s)

i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script Greek petition to the strategus of the Arsinoites.

i.c. Physical format(s) Papyrus.

XII NOTES

i. Comments

The text is fragmentary and the passage where the term *thiasos* appears (P.Köln. XI 455, 1. 18) is immediately after a lacuna: this renders the exact interpretation of the term difficult. A possible reconstruction of the passage may be: [γενόμενος ἀπὸ το]ῷ θιάσου εὖρον τὸν | [Μαρρῆν] κτλ. [genomenos apo to]u thiasou heuron ton [Marren] etc (II. 18-19) 'Upon my return from (a meeting of?) the association, I found Marres etc'. The petitioner was wronged by this Marres, who seems to have acted in an unlawful manner towards him (according to what can be gathered from the lacunose text, the man may have had an affair with the petitioner's wife and been caught *in flagrante delicto*).

XIII EVALUATION

i. Private association

Possible

Note

Given the fragmentary state of the text, it is possible that the term *thiasos* indicates a private association. However, it may also indicate a festival.

