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CAPInv. 1610: **he syne[rgasia]**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii. Region	Ionia
iii. Site	Ephesos

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	ἡ συνε[ργασία] (I.Eph(esos) 679, ll. 7-8)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>he syne[rgasia]</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	218 - 235 AD
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

iii. Descriptive terms	συνεργασία, <i>synergasia</i>
Note	<i>synergasia</i> : I.Eph(esos) 679, ll. 7-8

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	I.Eph(esos) 679 (218 - 235 AD)
Note	See also: Dittmann-Schöne II.1.45
Online Resources	I.Eph(esos) 679
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Honorific decree, Greek
i.c. Physical format(s)	Base of a statue

ii. Source(s) provenance

Agora, entrance to the 18th Eastern chamber

VII. ORGANIZATION**iv. Officials**

γραμματεὺς, *grammateus* (l. 7): The association's secretary Aurelius Menodoros Artemidoros is introduced as the father and grandfather of Ephesian *bouleutai* (l. 10). This might say something about the association's ability to increase the social status of its members; cf. Dittmann-Schöne 2010: 158.

X. ACTIVITIES**iv. Honours/Other activities**

The association honors M. Fulvius Publicianus Nikephoros.

XII. NOTES**iii. Bibliography**

Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2010), *Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens*. 2nd. ed. Regensburg.

XIII. EVALUATION**i. Private association**

Probable

Note

Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations.

ii. Historical authenticity

Certain