Author: MARIA-GABRIELLA PARISSAKI

CAPInv. 1748: **U-THR-043**

i.	Geographical area	Thrace
ii.	Region	Inland Thrace
iii.	Site	Nicopolis ad Istrum

i. Association with unknown name	U-THR-043	

i. Date(s)	iii AD

i.	Source(s)	IGBulg II 740 (iii AD)		
	Online Resources	IGBulg II 740 and AGRW ID 14145		
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)		
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedicatory written in Greek?		
i.c.	Physical format(s)	No description available		
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Emporium Discoduraterae. The emporium lay originally within Augusta Traiana's territory, but from the last quarter of the 3rd century AD onwards to that of Nicopolis ad Istrum; Nicopolis ad Istrum, moreover, was transferred administratively from the Roman province of Thrace to that of Moesia Inferior at the end of the 2nd century AD. Thus, the text's attribution to Augusta Traiana or to Nicopolis ad Istrum and to Thrace or Moesia Inferior rests on the document's date, which at this point cannot be defined with the necessary accuracy. For the emporium, see TIR, Philippopolis K-35/II, p. 104-105 (s.v.).		

VI BUILT AND VISUAL SPACE

ii. References to buildings/objects

IGBulg II 740 is designated as a βωμός in 1. 3, bomos.

VII ORGANIZATION

iii. Members

οί θια[σῖται], hoi thia[sitai] (l. 2)

XII. NOTES

i. Comments

Inscription IGBulg II 740 is known only from a facsimile of H. Škorpil, made at the end of the 19th century AD. As pointed out by Mihailov, "ex exemplo Škorpili nihil fere comprehendere nec restituere possis"; thus, readings and ensuing restitutions must remain conjectural.

XIII FVALUATION

i. Private association

Discarded

Note

Reference to $\it thiasitai$ must remain conjectural, due the text's fragmentary preservation and to $\it Škorpil's$ uncertain readings.

