CAPInv. 1845: thiasitai ton syn [Stratonikoi]

i.	Geographical area	Aegean Islands
ii.	Region	Kos
iii.	Site	Kos

i.	Full name (original language)	θιασιτᾶν τῶν σὺν [Στρατονίκωι] (IG XII.4 274, lines 1-3)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	thiasitai ton syn [Stratonikoi]

i. Date(s)	100 (?) BC - 100 (?) AD

ii.	Name elements	Cultic: Personal:	thiasitai (θιασιτᾶν, line 1) syn [Stratonikoi] (σὺν [Στρατονίκωι], lines 2-3)
iii.	Descriptive terms Note	thiasitai (θιασιτᾶν, line 1) The term thiasos both refers specifically to a cultic group and, more widely, to a collectivity.	

i.	Source(s)	<i>IG</i> XII.4 2790.
	Note	Bosnakis, <i>Epigraphes</i> 274, with ph.; <i>SEG</i> 58.877; Tsouli 2013: no. 490. Cf. also Maillot 2013: no. 28.
	Online Resources	PHI: Epigraphes 274

i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Boundary stone. Greek.
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Boundary stone: rectangular block made of amygdalopetra / Travertin.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Platani-Kermetes neighbourhood, south-west of city of Kos.

VI. BUILT AND VISUAL SPACE

ii. References to buildings/objects	The physical point of reference of the boundary stone (ὄροι, line 1, which may indicate that more than
	one of these was erected) is unclear. Many other boundary stones from Kos, CAPI no. 1826, delimit to
	burial plots, <i>thekaia</i> , belonging to the group.

i.	Founder(s)	See below for an original name that was later erased.
ii.	Leadership	Stratonikos (line 3) Interestingly, this name has been inscribed in a rasura, in a different and later hand from the 1st c. AD. Stratonikos was thus the new leader or re-founder of the group, replacing an earlier inscribed leader or founder (now lost).
iii.	Members	thiasitai (θιασιτᾶν, line 1)

iii. Worship	See above IV.ii.
Deities worshipped	Unclear.

iii. Bibliography	D. Bosnakis (2008), Anekdotes epigraphes tes Ko, Epitymvia mnemeia kai horoi, Athens.
	S. Maillot (2013), 'Les associations à Cos', in P. Hamon and P. Fröhlich (eds.), <i>Groupes et associations dans les cités grecques</i> , Geneva: 199-226.
	C. Tsouli, Ταφικά και επιτάφια μνημεία της Κω, diss. Athens 2013.

XIII EVALUATION

i. Private association Certain



Note

Little is known about this association, its context, or its possible forms of worship. But simply on the basis of its name and by comparison with other highly similar boundary stones of the burial plots of associations near the city of Kos (more than 50 in number, cf. e.g. <u>CAPI no. 1826</u>), we can be confident that it constituted a private association.

