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## CAPInv. 1954: collegium veteranorum qui Ancyra consistunt

i.	Geographical area	Eastern Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Galatia
iii.	Site	Ankara

i.	Full name (original language)	collegium veteranorum qui Ancyra consistunt (I.Ankara 164 l. 9-12)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	collegium veteranorum qui Ancyra consistunt

i. Date(s)	81 - 96

ii.	Name elements	Professional: Topographical:	veteranorum, "of veterans"  qui Ancyra consistunt, "who reside at Ancyra"
iii.	Descriptive terms	collegium	

i.	Source(s)	I.Ankara 164
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Honorary inscription

i.c. Physical format(s)	Large rectangular block of hard, grey limestone, originally part of a larger monument which supported a statue.	
ii. Source(s) provenance	Found in Ankara, brought to the Roman baths.	

iii.	Members	The association is constituted by the veterans of the legions living in Ankara.

ii.	Gender	Men
iii.	Age Note	Elders  As veterans, the members had usually served for 25 years in the army and are, therefore, of advanced age.
iv.	Status	The members were <i>veterani</i> , and therefore also Roman citizens.

iv. Honours/Other activities	The collegium honors one of their own most probably with a statue honoris causa.

i.	Comments	On <i>collegia militaria</i> in general see most recently Perea Yebénes 1999, also Stoll 2015: 70-71 with n. 179.
iii.	Bibliography	Perea Yebénes, S. (1999), COLLEGIA MILITARIA. Asociaciones militares en el Imperio romano. Madrid. Stoll, O. (2015), Veteranen im römischen Nahen Osten der Kaiserzeit. Berlin.

i. Private association	Certain
Note	On the basis of the terminology employed, it is certain that the collegium was a private association.

