

## CAPInv. 457: *hoi epi tes Thermaias plateias ergastai*

### I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii. Region	Phrygia
iii. Site	Apameia

### II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	οἱ ἐπὶ τῆς Θερμαίας πλατείας ἐργασταί (IGR IV 791, ll. 22-24)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>hoi epi tes Thermaias plateias ergastai</i>

### III. DATE

i. Date(s)	75 - 100 AD
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### IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Geographical: <i>epi tes Thermaias plateias</i>
	Professional: <i>ergastai</i>

### V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	IGR IV 791 (75 - 100 AD)
Note	See also: Dittmann-Schöne V.4.1
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Honorific decree, greek
i.c. Physical format(s)	Base of a statue

**ii. Source(s) provenance**

Apameia

**X. ACTIVITIES****iv. Honours/Other activities**

The association is responsible for erecting the statue of P. Manneius Russo, benefactor of the city, who has been honored by the council, the people and the resident Romans.

**XII. NOTES****ii. Poland concordance**

Poland Z 72c

**iii. Bibliography**

Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2010), *Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens*. 2nd. ed. Regensburg: 226-7  
Ramsay, W.M. (1897), *The Cities and Bishoprics of Phrygia*. Vol. I.2. Oxford: 464-6.  
Royer, A. (2005), *Associations professionnelles et groupes de gens de métier dans les cités grecques d'Asie Mineure à l'époque impériale (Ier - Ve siècles ap. J.-C.)*. Lyon: 373-6.  
Zimmermann, C. (2002), *Handwerkervereine im griechischen Osten des Imperium Romanum*. Mainz: 35-6.

**XIII. EVALUATION****i. Private association**

Possible

**Note**

In light of debates triggered by van Nijf, the process described in the inscription is taken by both Dittmann-Schöne 2010: 226-7 and Royer 2005: 373-6 as a strategy of self-presentation by the association: It inscribed itself into the social memory and the political order of Apameia. But a much simpler view is equally valid: the *ergastai* of the Thermaia Plateia were ordered by the city (l. 26: κατὰ τῆς πόλεως ψήφισμα, *kata tes poleos psephisma*) to erect the statue, because they were grouped together in an official organization.

**ii. Historical authenticity**

Certain