## CAPInv. 466: phratra Heliophontos Antiochou kai Ponpeiou Markou

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Phrygia
iii.	Site	Near Sebaste

i.	Full name (original language)	φράτρα 'Ηλιοφῶντος 'Αντιόχου καὶ Πονπείου Μάρκου (Ramsay, CB: 609, no. 506, ll. 4-9)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	phratra Heliophontos Antiochou kai Ponpeiou Markou

i. Date(s)	169 / 170 AD

ii.	Name elements	Kinship-related: Personal:	phratra The phratra is named after Heliophontos Antiochou and Ponpeiou Markou
iii.	Descriptive terms Note	φράτρα, <i>phratra phratra</i> : Ramsay, CB: 609,	no. 506, 1. 4

i.	Source(s)	Ramsay, CB: 609, no. 506 (169 / 170 AD)
	Online Resources	Ramsay, CB: 609, no. 506
i.a	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)

i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedicatory inscription. Greek.
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Marble stele with relief of Men
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Kirka

Deities worshipped	Men Askaenos

ii.	Poland concordance	Poland B *427
iii.	Bibliography	Ramsay, W.M. (1897), The Cities and Bishoprics of Phrygia. Vol. I.2. Oxford.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	This is another instance of a Phrygian <i>phratra</i> . It is named after two persons, as in Thiunta (not after villages as in Dionysopolis), but without <i>peri</i> . Nothing militates against seeing this <i>phratra</i> as a cult association.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain

