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CAPInv. 470: mystai Koroseanoi neobachchoi

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Phrygia
iii.	Site	Dorylaion

i	Full name (original language)	μύσται Κοροσεανοὶ νεόβαχχοι (Haspels, Highlands of Phrygia: 354, no. 144, ll. 1-2)
i	. Full name (transliterated)	mystai Koroseanoi neobachchoi

i. Date(s)	ii - iii AD

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	mystai
	Theophoric:	neobachchoi
	Topographical:	Koroseanoi refers to a village.

i.	Source(s)	Haspels, Highlands of Phrygia: 354, no. 144	
	Note	See also: Jaccottet II no. 79	
	Online Resources	Haspels, Highlands of Phrygia: 354, no. 144	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	

i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedicatory inscription, greek
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Marble altar with reliefs on four sides
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Avdan

iii. Worship	The <i>mystai</i> dedicate the altar to Zeus <i>Dionysos</i> "for themselves and the village". On the scenes depicted on the altar, cf. Jaccottet 2003: 154-5.
Deities worshipped	Zeus Dionysos

i.	Comments	On similar monuments from this area, see Jaccottet 2003: 158-60.
		The designation <i>neobakchoi</i> seems to imply a comparison with at least one other group of <i>bakchoi</i> that either consists of old people (while the <i>neobakchoi</i> are young) or has the earlier foundation date.
iii.	Bibliography	Cole, S.G. (1991), 'Dionysiac Mysteries in Phrygia in the Imperial Period', EA 17: 41-9. Jaccottet, AF. (2003), Choisir Dionysos. Les associations dionysiaques ou la face cachée du dionysisme. 2 vols. Zürich.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	The status of <i>mystai</i> -groups is not quite clear; most of them probably served both the private interests of their members and the needs of civic religion.
ii	Historical authenticity	Certain

