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## CAPInv. 489: hoi mystai

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Phrygia
iii.	Site	Area of Sebaste

i. Full name (original language)	οί μύσται (SEG 40: 1223, 1. 2)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	hoi mystai

i. Date(s)	i - iii AD

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	mystai		

i.	Source(s)	SEG 40: 1223 (i - iii AD)		
	Note	See also: Jaccottet II no. 85		
	Online Resources	SEG 40: 1223		
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)		
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedicatory inscription, greek		
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Marble bust		

ii	Source(s) provenance	Hisar-Payamalan (10 km northeast of Sebaste)
11.	Source(s) provenance	Tilsai-Fayamalan (10 km northeast of Sebaste)

ii. Leadership	ίερεῖς, hiereis (1. 4) (they are mentioned first in the fragmentary list of members)

iii.	Worship	The bust is dedicated to Dionysos <i>Kathegemon</i> , who, according to Drew-Bear and Naour 1990: 1947-9, is here represented.
	Deities worshipped	Dionysos Kathegemon

i. Comments	The date of the inscription is unclear. Drew-Bear and Naour 1990: 1947-9 point out that one of the priests, Dionysios son of Menandros, could be from a family that in 98/99 CE was represented in the <i>gerousia</i> of Sebaste (through a Menandros son of Dionysios and a Dionysios son of Dionysios). This does not prove, however, that the inscription belongs to the last quarter of the 1st century CE, as Jaccottet 2003: 166-7 assumes.
iii. Bibliography	Drew-Bear, Th., and Naour, Chr. (1990), 'Divinités de Phrygie', <i>ANRW</i> II.18.3: 1907-2044.  Jaccottet, AF. (2003), <i>Choisir Dionysos. Les associations dionysiaques ou la face cachée du dionysisme</i> . 2 vols. Zürich.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	The status of <i>mystai</i> -groups is not quite clear; most of probably served both the private interests of their members and the needs of civic religion.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain