

CAPInv. 594: **kerameis**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	The Near East and Beyond
ii. Region	Arabia
iii. Site	Gerasa

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	κεραμεῖς (I.Gerasa 79, ll. 1-2)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>kerameis</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	150 - 250 AD
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Professional:	<i>kerameis</i>
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V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	I.Gerasa 79 (AD 150-250)
Note	See also: SEG 7: 879
Online Resources	I.Gerasa 79 and AGRW ID 22950
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek building inscription (?)
i.c. Physical format(s)	Inscription on column

ii. Source(s) provenance*Macellum* of Gerasa**XII. NOTES****i. Comments**

The *kerameis* must have financed the erection of the column; no other information is known.

iii. Bibliography

Uscatescu, A., and Martín-Bueno, M. (1997), 'The Macellum of Gerasa (Jerash, Jordan): From a Market Place to an Industrial Area', *BASO* 307: 67-88, esp. 71-2.
Welles, C.B. (1938), 'The Inscriptions', in C.H. Kraeling (ed.), *Gerasa. City of the Decapolis*, New Haven: 353-494.

XIII. EVALUATION**i. Private association**

Probable

Note

Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century AD were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations.