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CAPInv. 614: koureis

i.	Geographical area	The Near East and Beyond
ii.	Region	Phoenicia
iii.	Site	Sidon

i.	Full name (original language)	κουρείς (SEG 55: 1655, 1. 7)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	koureis

i. Date(s)	132 AD

ii.	Name elements	Professional:	koureis
iii.	Descriptive terms	κοινόν, <i>koinon</i> (?)	
	Note	koinon: SEG 55: 1655, 1. 8 κοινοῦ ?], "from the budge	8. The term is supplied by Yon and Apicella 2005: 293-5, no. 4: ἐκ τῶν τ[οῦ t of the association" (l. 8).

i.	Source(s)	SEG 55: 1655 (AD 132)
	Note	See also AGRW 278
	Online Resources	AGRW ID 4841
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)

i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek dedicatory inscription
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Five fragments of a marble plate
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in Byblos, but originally from the sanctuary of Eshmun in Sidon.

ii.	Leadership	ἀρχίτεχνος, architechnos (l. 7)

iv. Honours/Other activities	The architechnos of the koureis has built something for the well-being of the emperor.	

iii. Bibliography	Yon, JB., and Apicella, C. (2005), 'Inscriptions de Sidon conservées à Byblos Inscriptions de Sidon conservées à Byblos', <i>BAAL</i> 9: 291-9.

i. Private association	Probable
Note	Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century AD were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations.

