Author: MARIA-GABRIELLA PARISSAKI

CAPInv. 688: Neikaeis olympiastai

i.	Geographical area	Thrace
	Dagion	Inland Thrace
11.	Region	Inland Inrace
iii.	Site	Philippopolis

i.	Full name (original language)	Νεικαεῖς ὀλυμπιασταί (IGBulg V 5464)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	Neikaeis olympiastai

i. Date(s)	Imp.

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	The epithet ὀλυμπιασταί, olympiastai, is interpreted as referring to the cult of Zeus Olympios, already attested at Nikaia's territory, see BE 1967: no. 375.	
	Ethnic:	Νεικαεῖς, <i>Nikaeis</i>	

i.	Source(s)	IGBulg V 5464 (Imp.)
	Online Resources	IGBulg 5464
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary inscription in Greek of Philippos son of Philippos, with depiction of five wreaths, one of them offered by the Νικαεῖς, <i>Nikaeis</i> .

i.c.	Physical format(s)	Rectangular mable stele ($1.62 \times 0.74 \times 0.18$) with an elaborate floral pattern at its upper part and a pedimental stele in relief depicted below; this stele bears five wreaths and the funerary inscription.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found at Ralitza str. at the site of 'Vtora Kamenitsa', where the necropolis of the 1st-3rd cent. AD is located, see <i>TIR K35/2: Philippopolis</i> p. 298.

i. Archaeological remains Necropolis

i. Treasury/Funds The wreath offered to the deceased Philippos son of Philippos, indicates that these Νικαεῖς, Nikaeis collected funds, even if on an ad hoc basis.

iv. Status On the basis of the groups name the members originated from Nikaia (Bithynia).

iv. Honours/Other activities A wreath was offered to the deceased Philippos son of Philippos, who should have been an important citizen of Philippopolis (see below XI.i), though not necessarily a member of the group.

i. Local interaction

The deceased Philippos son of Philippos, should have been an important citizen of Philippopolis, as indicated by the wreaths also offered to him by the β ov λ \acute{\eta}, boule, and the δ $\hat{\eta}\mu$ o ς , demos, of the city, the Νικομηδεῖς, Nikomedeis (CAPInv. 806), the ἡωποπῶλαι, rhopopolai (CAPInv. 686) and the βυρσεῖς, byrseis (CAPInv. 583). The presence of two professional associations, of two associations of foreign residents at Philippopolis and the eastern origin of the deceased's brother (as indicated by the personal name $\Pi\alpha\pi(\alpha\varsigma, Papias)$ are signs of his eastern origin and of his possible involvement with trade.

The ethnic Nikaeis quite probably refers Nikaia of Bithynia, as indicated by the presence on the same i. Comments stone of the Νικομηδεῖς, Nikomedeis, and the general influx to Thrace of immigrants from this region (see also <u>CAPInv. 697</u>).





i. Private association Note Probable The Νικαεῖς ὀλυμπιασταί, Nikaeis olympiastai, just like the Νικομηδεῖς, Nikomedeis, mentioned on the same stone, should have been residents of Philippopolis originating from the Bithynian city Nikaia (see also BE 1967: no. 375). Their collective name and the group's action of honouring a deceased are signs of an associative organisation.

