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CAPInv. 1344: synodos

i.	Geographical area	Egypt
ii.	Nome	Alexandria (L00)
iii.	Site	Alexandria

i.	Full name (original language)	σύνοδος (I.Alex.Imp. 90, l. 3)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	synodos

i. Date(s)	10 / 9 BC

iii.	Descriptive terms	σύνοδος, synodos
	Note	synodos: I.Alex.Imp. 90, 1. 3

i.	Source(s)	I.Alex.Imp. 90 (10/9 BC)	
	Note	Other editions of the text: SB IV 7327.	
	Online Resources	I.Alex.Imp. 90	
		<u>TM 99095</u>	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Statue base for the portrait of the high priest of the <i>synodos</i> , erected by Dinias, leader of the <i>synodos</i> .	
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Statue base	

ii.	Leadership	προστατ $\hat{\omega}[v]$ τὸ κα (ἔτος) Καίσαρος prostaton to 21 (etos) Kaisaros (1. 1-2): the leadership is expressed by the verb προστατέω prostateo and the leader of the synodos was in charge for one year.
iv.	Officials	ἀρχιερέυς τῆς συνόδου archiereus tes synodou (l. 3): Asklepiades the son of Apollonius.

vi. Proper names and physical features	Asklepiades the son of Apollonios; Dinias	

iv. Honours/Other activities	The high priest received a statue erected by the leader of the synodos.	

iii. Bibliography	Harland, P. (2003), Associations, Synagogues, and Congregations: Claiming a Place in Ancient Mediterranean Society, Fortress: 304 (n. 4).

i. Private association	Certain
Note	The terminology used in the dedication indicates the existence of an association.