CAPInv. 1838: thiasos Agathameiris[t]an ton syn Athe[---]

i.	Geographical area	Aegean Islands
ii.	Region	Kos
iii.	Site	Kos

i.	Full name (original language)	θιάσου Άγαθαμειρισ[τ] αν τῶν τῶν ἄθη[—] (IG XII.4 2791, lines 1-5)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	thiasos Agathameiris[t]an ton syn Athe[]

i. Date(s)	100 (?) BC - 100 (?) AD

Personal: $syn Athen[]$ (σὐν Ἀθη[], line 5) Other: $Agathameristai$ (ἀγαθαμειρισ[τ]αν, lines 2-4) This part of the name is clearly some sort of cultic element, but it remains unclear whether it designates the worship of a sacred and good day (ἀγαθά + ἀμέρα), or no doubt more plausibly, the worship of a heroised
2-4) This part of the name is clearly some sort of cultic element, but it remains unclear whether it designates the worship of a sacred and good day (ἀγαθά + ἀμέρα), or no doubt more
individual called Agathemeros (male) or Agathemeris (female). Both names are attested on Kos: cf. <i>LGPN</i> I s.v. Note that the construction in <i>-istes</i> for this kind of heroised worship is seldom found, however.

i.	Source(s)	<i>IG</i> XII.4 2791.	
	Note	Segre, <i>I. Cos EF</i> 413; <i>SEG</i> 57.785; Tsouli 2013: no. 636c with ph. Cf. also Maillot 2013: no. 21.	
	Online Resources	PHI: EF 413	
		Harland, AGRW 12002	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Boundary stone of a burial plot. Greek.	
i.c.	Physical format(s)	Boundary stone (cippus of black stone), with a base designed for insertion into the ground.	
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found in the excavations of the Roman house at Amygdalona.	

ii. References to buildings/objects	The point of reference of the boundary stone ($6\rho \circ \varsigma$) is unclear, but in other similar cases (e.g. <u>CAPI no. 1826</u>), reference is explicitly made to burial plots of the group, <i>thekaia</i> .

i. Founder(s)	See above IV.ii.
ii. Leadership	Athen[] (line 5). This individual, mentioned in the name of the association, is probably its leader (if not its founder; but see above IV.ii).

iii. Worship	See above IV.ii.
Deities worshipped	Unclear.

iii. Bibliography	S. Maillot (2013), 'Les associations à Cos', in P. Hamon and P. Fröhlich (eds.), <i>Groupes et associations dans les cités grecques</i> , Geneva: 199-226.
	M. Segre (2007), Iscrizioni di Cos, Epigrafi funerarie, Rome.
	C. Tsouli, Ταφικὰ και επιτάφια μνημεία της Κω, diss. Athens 2013.

i. Private association Certain Note Little is known about this association, its context, or even its precise form of worship. But simply on the basis of its name and by comparison with other highly similar boundary stones of the burial plots of associations near the city of Kos (more than 50 in number, cf. e.g. CAPI no. 1826), we can be confident that it constituted a private association.

