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CAPInv. 382: hoi peri Ailion Teimona mystai Hermou

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Pisidia
iii.	Site	Termessos

i. Full name (original language)	οί περὶ Αἴλιον Τείμωνα μύσται Ἑρμοῦ (ΤΑΜ ΙΙΙ.1 910, II. 1-6; ΤΑΜ ΙΙΙ.1 911, II. 1-6)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	hoi peri Ailion Teimona mystai Hermou

i. Date(s)	117 - iii (?) AD

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	mystai
	Personal:	peri Ailion Teimona
	Theophoric:	Hermes

i.	Source(s)	TAM III.1 910 (117 - iii (?) AD) TAM III.1 911 (117 - iii (?) AD)	
	Online Resources	TAM III.1 910 TAM III.1 911	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek commemorative inscriptions.	

i.c. Physical format(s) TAM III.1 910 and TAM III.1 911 are twin square altars. Measurements: 0.47x0.39	
ii. Source(s) provena	ce Next to the aqueduct

VII. ORGANIZATION

ii. Leadership Aelius Teimon

iii.	Worship	The cult of Hermes in Termessos is also attested in TAM III.1 654.
	Deities worshipped	Hermes

i.	Comments	The name Aelius gives us a <i>t.p.q.</i> in AD 117 with the accession of Hadrian, but this man is not elsewhere attested (see Heberdey 1929: 125)
iii.	Bibliography	Heberdey, R. (1929), <i>Termessische Studien</i> . Vienna.

i. Private association	Probable
Note	Such a probability is explained by the fact that these <i>mystai</i> , who worshipped Hermes, had a recognisable leader with whom the setting up of twin altars was achieved.

