Author: MARIA PAZ DE HOZ

CAPInv. 876: doumos

I. LOCATION i. Geographical area Western Asia Minor ii. Region Lydia iii. Site Saittai

i. Full name (original language)	δοῦμος (ΤΑΜ V.1 179, 1.3)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	doumos

III. DATE

i. Date(s) 172 / 173 AD

IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Other:	The name doumos alone doesn't mean more than assembly or council, though in some instances it is defined as <i>hieros</i> , sacred (see XII.i Comments).	
iii. Descriptive terms			

i.	Source(s)	TAM V.1 179 (172 / 173 AD)
	Online Resources	<u>TAM V.1 179</u>
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Dedication of an altar by an association and through the <i>naukoros</i> (TAM V.1 179, l. 4)
ISS	N 2446-2500 C BY NG SA	Page 1 of 3

i.c.	Physical format(s)	Altar
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Saittai

VI. BUILT AND VISUAL SPACE

ii. References to buildings/objects

Reference to the altar in the inscription that is engraved on it.

VII. ORGANIZATION

iv.	Officials	The mentioned ναύκορος, <i>naukoros</i> , 'temple warden' is probably a member of the association. The
		naukoros is in this case femenine, as the one in the inscription TAM V.1 269 dedicated to a goddess,
		probably Anaitis.

VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

i. Treasury/Funds	The association must have funds in order to dedicate an altar ἐκ τῶν ἰδίων, ek ton idion, 'at its own	
	expenses'.	

IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii.	Gender	Women	
	Note	If the mentioned <i>naukoros</i> is a member of the association, women are (also?) members of it. No other	
		person, either man or woman, is mentioned in the inscription.	

iii. Worship	The mention of a <i>naukoros</i> and the dedication of an altar are signs of worship activity and make it possible that the association is a cult association.
Deities worshipped	The other evidence of a <i>naukoros</i> in Lydia (TAM V.1 269) is related to the cult of a goddess, probably Anaitis. A <i>hieros doumos</i> related to Artemis <i>Anaitis</i> is attested in Ayazviran (also in north-east Lydia) in the year 223/4 AD.

XII. NOTES



i. Comments	It could be a cult association. Cf. comment to deities worshipped.
	The word hieros doumos is attested mainly in Lydian-Phrygian Asia Minor, but there are also evidences from Thessaloniki and the Balkans, cf. Lajtar 1992: 211f. (= IG X2, 860). For the meaning and etymology of the term cf. Buresch 1898: 59-60, 62ff. (He thinks the origin of the name is Lydian); Neumann, G. (1988), Sitzungsberichte der Öst. Ak. d. Wiss . Wien, 12f. (He reconstructs the Phrygian word doumetas as 'member of the doumos, i.e. the counsil of men in a village'; Voutiras 1992: 88-90 with further references; BE 1992: 202, 314. For the possibility of hieros doumos meaning the same as
iii. Bibliography	symbiosis cf. TAM V.1 536, 537. Buresch, K. (1898), Aus Lydien: epigraphisch-geographische Reisefrüchte. Leibzig.
in Diolography	de Hoz, MP. (1999), Die Lydischen Kulte im Lichte der griechischen Inschriften. Bonn, no. 63.13. Fontrier, A. (1886), Mouseion 6: 76, no. 564.
	Łajtar, A. (1992), 'Ein zweiter Beleg fur δοῦμος in Thessalonike' ZPE 94: 211-2.
	Voutiras, E (1992), 'Berufs- und Kultverein: Ein δουμος in Thessalonike', ZPE 90: 87-96

i. Private association	Possible
Note	The probability that the association is related to the cult of Artemis <i>Anaitis</i> or to another cult makes its private character probable. Nevertheless, the name of the association is stated only as <i>doumos</i> , like in TAM V.1 449 and 536 (in both cases: <i>hieros doumos</i>), which makes it possible that the association was a public one (cf. the interpretation of Neumann) that worships different gods from its locality.

