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CAPInv. 1180: hoi thiasotai

i.	Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii.	Region	Ionia
iii.	Site	Smyrna

i.	Full name (original language)	οί θιασῶται (I.Smyrna 534, l. b4)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	hoi thiasotai

i. Date(s)	100 (?) BC - 100 (?) AD

i.	Source(s)	I.Smyrna 534 (100 (?) BC - 100 (?) AD)	
	Online Resources	I.Smyrna 534	
i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)	
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary inscription, greek	
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Smyrna, Mt. Pagus	

i. Local interaction	The <i>thiasotai</i> are listed among several institutions that honor the deceased Neike. The others are the <i>demos</i> (l. a1), the <i>gerousia</i> (l. b1), the <i>katoikoi</i> (l. b2) and the <i>Rhomaioi</i> (l. b3).

ii. Poland concordance	Poland B 357
iii. Bibliography	Merkelbach, R., and Stauber, J. (1998), Steinepigramme aus dem griechischen Osten: Die Westküste Kleinasiens von Knidos bis Ilion. Berlin: 552.

i.	Private association	Probable
	Note	The term <i>thiasotai</i> suggests that this was a private association. Neike must have been an important benefactress to civic institutions; whether or not she was also a member of the association must remain unclear.
ii.	Historical authenticity	Certain

