

CAPInv. 1448: **koinon ton orbiopolon**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Egypt
ii. Nome	Oxyrhynchites (U19)
iii. Site	Oxyrhynchus

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	κοινὸν τῶν ὀρβιο[πωλῶ]ν (P.Oxy. LIV 3745, ll. 7-8)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>koinon ton orbiopolon</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	318 AD
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Professional:	<i>orbiopolai</i>
iii. Descriptive terms	κοινόν <i>koinon</i>	
Note	<i>koinon</i> : P.Oxy. LIV 3745, l. 7	

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	P.Oxy. LIV 3745 (AD 318)
Online Resources	P.Oxy. LIV 3745 TM 15251
i.a. Source type(s)	Papyrological source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	price declaration in Greek

i.c. Physical format(s)

13 x 22cm; the prices and items declared and the subscription are lost; on verso are fragmentary proceedings held before a *logistes*, written *transversa charta* according to the editor.

VII. ORGANIZATION

ii. Leadership

See VII.iv 'Officials'.

iv. Officials

Aurelius ... son of Ammon through whom the declaration is made (l. 9-10): likely a *meniarches* (thus possibly the leader) as the editor assumes, but not explicitly stated here.

XI. INTERACTION

i. Local interaction

Official interaction; association acting on behalf of the group representing them before the authorities.

XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography

Bagnall, R. S. (2000) 'Governmental roles in the economy of late antiquity', in E. Lo Cascio and D. Rathbone (eds.) *Production and Public Powers in Classical Antiquity*. Cambridge: 86-91 (esp. 89-90)
Coles, R. Appendix II, P. Oxy. LIV: 230-32.

XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association

Certain

Note

The associative terminology and the apparently necessary declaration suggests that this was an association; private here because, in spite of the nature of the declaration itself, there is nothing here to suggest that this group was other than voluntary (although state compulsion may be something else entirely).