

CAPInv. 1450: **koinon ton ekdocheon**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Egypt
ii. Nome	Oxyrhynchites (U19)
iii. Site	Oxyrhynchus

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	κοινὸν τῶν ἐκδοχέων (P.Oxy. LIV 3772, ll. 3-4)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>koinon ton ekdocheon</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	338 (?) AD
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Professional:	<i>ekdocheis</i>
iii. Descriptive terms	κοινόν <i>koinon</i>	
Note	<i>koinon</i> : P.Oxy. LIV 3772, l. 3	

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	P.Oxy. LIV 3772 (26 Nov. AD 338)
Online Resources	P.Oxy. LIV 3772 TM 17444
i.a. Source type(s)	Papyrological source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	price declaration in Greek

i.c. Physical format(s)	6.5 x 10.5cm; part of a separate roll that contained P.Oxy. I 85 cols v-vi according to editor.
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VII. ORGANIZATION

ii. Leadership	likely a <i>meniarches</i> ; but not recorded here or lost
iv. Officials	Perhaps the Aurelius mentioned here, I.6, although it appears that the full name of the individual making the declaration was not filled in as a space was left blank.

XI. INTERACTION

i. Local interaction	Official interaction; association acting on behalf of the group representing them before the authorities.
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XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography	Bagnall, R. S. (2000) 'Governmental roles in the economy of late antiquity', in E. Lo Cascio and D. Rathbone (eds.) <i>Production and Public Powers in Classical Antiquity</i> . Cambridge: 86-91 (esp. 89-90) Coles, R. Appendix II, P. Oxy. LIV: 230-32.
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XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
Note	The associative terminology and the apparently necessary declaration suggests that this was an association; private here because, in spite of the nature of the declaration itself, there is nothing here to suggest that this group was other than voluntary (although state compulsion may be something else entirely).