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## CAPInv. 1908: thiasos sito[metron(?)—]

i.	Geographical area	Aegean Islands
ii.	Region	Kos
iii.	Site	Kos

i.	Full name (original language)	θιάσου σιτομέ[τρων(?) —] ( <i>IG</i> XII.4, lines 2-3)
ii.	Full name (transliterated)	thiasos sito[metron(?) —]

i. Date(s)	100 (?) BC - 100 (?) AD

ii.	Name elements	Cultic: Professional:	thiasos (θιάσου, line 2) sitometrai (σιτομέ[τρων(?) —], lines 2-3)
iii.	Descriptive terms Note	thiasos (θιάσου, line 2) The term refers both specif	fically to a cultic group <i>and</i> , more widely, to a collectivity.

i.	Source(s)	IG XII.4 2800.
	Note	Segre, <i>I. Cos</i> EF 454; <i>SEG</i> 57.788; Tsouli 2013: no. 743c with ph.
		Cf. also Maillot 2013: no. 59.
	Online Resources	PHI: I. Cos EF 454

i.a.	Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b.	Document(s) typology & language/script	Boundary stone, <i>horos</i> (cf. ὅρος, line 1). Greek.
i.c.	Physical format(s)	White marble fragment, broken below.
ii.	Source(s) provenance	Found during demolition work in an unknown location in the city of Kos.

ii. References to buildings/objects	The point of reference of the boundary stone (ὅρος, line 1) is to private burial plots for the group: <i>thekaia</i>
	(θηκαίων, line 1).

iii. Members	sitometrai (σιτομέ[τρων(?) —], lines 2-3) The association appears to be composed of professional grain-measurers and inspectors. For other associations of sitometrai, see <u>CAP inv. 71</u> .

iii.	Worship	See above IV.ii.
	Deities worshipped	Unclear.

iii. Bibliography	S. Maillot (2013), 'Les associations à Cos', in P. Hamon and P. Fröhlich (eds.), <i>Groupes et associations dans les cités grecques</i> , Geneva: 199-226.
	M. Segre (2007), Iscrizioni di Cos, Epigrafi funerarie, Rome.
	C. Tsouli, Ταφικὰ και επιτάφια μνημεία της Κω, diss. Athens 2013.

i. Private association	Certain
Note	Little is known about this association and its context. But simply on the basis of its name and by comparison with other highly similar boundary stones of the burial plots of associations near the city of Kos (more than 50 in number, cf. e.g. <u>CAPI no. 1826</u> ), we can be confident that it constituted a private association.

