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CAPInv. 929: [hoi s]ynthyta[i

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Central Greece
ii. Region	Boiotia
iii. Site	Tanagra

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	[οἱ σ]υνθύται (IG VII 689, ll. 2-3)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	[hoi s]ynthyta[i

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	ii - i BC
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

iii. Descriptive terms	συνθύται, <i>synthytai</i>
Note	<i>synthytai</i> : IG VII 689, ll. 2-3

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	IG VII 689 (ii - i BC)
Note	Also published in: Roesch 1982: 125-6, no. 5 Marchand 2015: no. 9
Online Resources	IG VII 689
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary monument in the koine
i.c. Physical format(s)	Fragment of a stele of undetermined shape of local black limestone.

VII. ORGANIZATION

iii. Members	συνθύται, <i>synthytai</i>
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VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

ii. Realty	The association may have owned burial grounds.
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IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii. Gender	Men
Note	The funerary stele was erected for a man as the fragmentary pronoun indicates.

X. ACTIVITIES

iv. Honours/Other activities	Burial of members
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XII. NOTES

ii. Poland concordance	Poland B 34
iii. Bibliography	Marchand, F. (2015), 'The Associations of Tanagra: Epigraphic Practice and Regional Context', <i>Chiron</i> 45: 239–66. Roesch, P. (1982), <i>Etudes béotiennes</i> . Paris.

XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
Note	The use of the term <i>synthytai</i> points to a private association.