

CAPInv. GR-38: **Panistai**

### I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Attica with Salamis
ii. Region	Attica
iii. Site	Athens

### II. GENERAL REFERENCE

i.a. Full reference (original language)	Πανισταί (Men. <i>Dys.</i> 230)
i.b. Full reference (transliterated)	<i>Panistai</i>
ii. Reference context	The term occurs in Menander's comedy Δύσκολος, <i>Dyskolos</i> .

### III. DATE

i. Date(s)	317 (?) / 316 (?) BC
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### V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	Men. <i>Dys.</i> 230 (317/6 BC ?)
Online Resources	<a href="#">Men. <i>Dys.</i> 230</a>
i.a. Source type(s)	Literary source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Comedy

### VIII. NOTES

i. Comments	The papyrus preserving the comedy reads at this point Παιανισταί, <i>Paianistai</i> .
iii. Bibliography	Gomme, A., and Sandbach, F. (1973), <i>Menander. A commentary</i> . Oxford: 172. Handley, E. (1965), <i>The Dyskolos of Menander</i> . London: 172-4. Parker, R. (1996), <i>Athenian religion. A history</i> . Oxford: 334.

## IX. EVALUATION

<b>i. Private associations</b>	Possible
<b>Note</b>	It is not certain that the group of worshippers of Pan constitute associations but it is mentioned that they appear as a group.
<b>ii. Historical authenticity</b>	There is no doubt about the authenticity of the source.