

Author: ALEXANDRU AVRAM

CAPInv. 1158: thoinatai tas Damatros tas Chthonias, i.e. thoinetai tes Demetros tes Chthonias

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Thrace
ii. Region	Euxine Coast
iii. Site	Callatis

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	θoinᾶται τὰς Δάματρος τὰς Χθονίας (i.e. θοινῆται τῆς Δήμητρος τῆς Χθονίας <i>I. Kallatis 40, ll. 1-2</i>)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>thoinatai tas Damatros tas Chthonias, i.e. thoinetai tes Demetros tes Chthonias</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	1. i BC
------------	---------

IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Theophoric:	<i>Demeter Chthonia</i>
	Other:	<i>thoinetai</i>

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	I. Kallatis 40 (1. i BC) I. Kallatis 41 (1. i BC)
Online Resources	I. Kallatis 40 and AGRW ID 14459 I. Kallatis 41 and AGRW ID 14461
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Greek fragmentary decrees of the association for Ariston, son of Ariston (see XII.i: Comments).

i.c. Physical format(s)	Fragmentary marble steles (both inscriptions are now lost).
ii. Source(s) provenance	Callatis

IX. MEMBERSHIP

ii. Gender	Men
Note	The formula of the decrees basically rules out the presence of women.
iii. Age	Adults
Note	See IX.ii: Gender, above.

XII. NOTES

i. Comments	The honorand Ariston, son of Ariston (Ariston I, to be distinguished from his homonymous son) is known as a very active member of the Bacchic <i>thiasos</i> (see CAPInv. 1186). He is called <i>euergetes tou damou</i> in I. Kallatis 40, as in some of the decrees of the <i>thiasos</i> . The fragmentary decree I. Kallatis 41 for the same Ariston I has οἱ θοινᾶται τῆς [- -], <i>hoi thoinatai tas [- -]</i> . It is highly probable that the <i>thoinatai</i> are those of Damater <i>Chthonia</i> .
--------------------	--

XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
Note	The terminology employed points to a private association.