

CAPInv. 1172: to hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophoron limeneiton

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii. Region	Mysia
iii. Site	Bandırma - Panormos

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	τὸ ἱερώτατον συνέδριον τῶν σακκοφόρων λιμενεϊτῶν (I.Kyz. 291 ll. 5-6)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>to hierotaton synedrion ton sakkophoron limeneiton</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	Imp.
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Cultic:	<i>hierotaton</i>
	Professional:	<i>sakkophoroi</i> - porters <i>limeneitai</i> - of the harbor
iii. Descriptive terms	συνέδριον, <i>synedrion</i>	

V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	I.Kyz. 290 (Imp.)
Note	Hasluck 1910: no. V. 182 Dittmann-Schöne 2001: no. I.3.4 AGRW 111

Online Resources	IMT Kyz PropKueste 1937 AGRW ID 540
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Funerary inscription in Greek stipulating a fine payable to the <i>hierotaton syndrion ton sakkophoron</i> in case of tomb violation.
i.c. Physical format(s)	Unknown.
ii. Source(s) provenance	From Panormos, the harbour of Kyzikos.

VIII. PROPERTY AND POSSESSIONS

iii. Income	Fines: a fine of 1000 denarii is payable to <i>to hierotaton syndrion ton sakkophoron limeneiton</i> in case of tomb violation (l. 4-6).
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XII. NOTES

iii. Bibliography	Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2001), <i>Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens</i> . Regensburg.
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XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Certain
Note	In Roman Asia Minor the term <i>syndrion</i> is often used in connection to professional associations (Poland 1909: 156-7). In this case the harbor-workers are organized in a <i>syndrion</i> . The durability of the group is inferred by the fact that they are the recipients of fines in case of the violation of tombs.