

CAPInv. 1494: **tektones**

I. LOCATION

i. Geographical area	Western Asia Minor
ii. Region	Ionia
iii. Site	Ephesos

II. NAME

i. Full name (original language)	τεκτόνες (I.Eph(esos) 549, l. 2)
ii. Full name (transliterated)	<i>tektones</i>

III. DATE

i. Date(s)	100 (?) - 300 (?) AD
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IV. NAME AND TERMINOLOGY

ii. Name elements	Professional:	<i>tektones</i>
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V. SOURCES

i. Source(s)	I.Eph(esos) 549 549 (100 (?) - 300 (?) AD)
Note	See also: Dittmann-Schöne II.1.13
Online Resources	I.Eph(esos) 549
i.a. Source type(s)	Epigraphic source(s)
i.b. Document(s) typology & language/script	Seat inscriptions, Greek
i.c. Physical format(s)	Building block of a wall

ii. Source(s) provenance	Marble street
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VI. BUILT AND VISUAL SPACE

ii. References to buildings/objects	It is unclear what place was designated as belonging to the association.
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XII. NOTES

i. Comments	This associations was probably different from the <i>naourgoi tektones</i> attested in other Ephesian inscriptions.
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iii. Bibliography	Dittmann-Schöne, I. (2010), <i>Die Berufsvereine in den Städten des kaiserzeitlichen Kleinasiens</i> . 2nd. ed. Regensburg: 137.
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XIII. EVALUATION

i. Private association	Probable
Note	Professional associations in the 2nd/3rd century were often very close to the official civic institutions, but they probably remained essentially private associations.

ii. Historical authenticity	Certain
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